

Electric vehicle charging – guidance for residents:

Text on existing page:

(<https://www.hants.gov.uk/transport/ev-charging-points>)

Where residents do not have a driveway or other off street parking, then they may still be able to safely charge an electric vehicle from their property where they are able to park directly outside their property. [Guidance](#) has been produced to help residents in these locations.

Please note that it is the responsibility of the person charging the vehicle to adhere to any parking restrictions that may be in place and to not obstruct the footway or any accesses. The guidance is intended to help residents make informed decisions about how they can charge a vehicle in these locations, but it is the responsibility of the person charging the vehicle to avoid putting themselves and others at risk when trailing a cable across a footway or an area people may cross.

'The above [guidance](#) wording will hyper link to the new page below.'

Guidance page:

Electric Vehicles

Hampshire County Council recognises the significant benefits of Electric Vehicles (EV), particularly in relation to air quality and public health, and that usage of electric vehicles by residents is increasing.

Most electric cars come with a cable you can plug in at home with a normal 13amp socket. This makes charging an EV reasonably straight forward for residents with access to off street parking.

Residents should refer to their vehicle's handbook and any instructions for the use of cables, including extension cables, and seek advice from a qualified electrician before charging an electric vehicle.

The below guidance has been produced to aid residents for whom off street parking is not available but wish to charge their vehicle.

It is important to consider public safety and existing legislation when placing the cable from the power supply in your home to your vehicle. Owners should be aware that any legal liability arising from the placement of the cable/guard is their responsibility and they may wish to speak to their home insurer to seek confirmation that their home insurance policy covers this situation.

Vehicle parking

Vehicles should be parked as close to the property as possible. Where a vehicle cannot be parked immediately opposite the property, the cable should be run along the carriageway channel against the kerb. The recommended maximum distance from a point opposite the property is 10 metres (approximately 2 car lengths).

The cable should not cross the carriageway therefore your vehicle should always be parked on the same side of the road as your property.

Any vehicle parked on the Highway must always adhere to any local parking restrictions that may be in place and should not obstruct the footway

The Charging of your vehicle

Whenever you are charging your vehicle, you should always follow all guidance and recommendations in your manufacturer's handbook (this may differ depending on the vehicle).

Any extension lead that is required should be suitable for external use and residents are advised to read any instructions on the correct use provided with their extension lead.

Cables should be laid flat and never be extended from an upper storey to a vehicle, nor should they be hung from any street furniture including lamp columns or trees.

A cable should only be placed over the footway when the vehicle is charging and should always be removed when not in use.

It is the resident's responsibility to ensure that the cable does not cause a danger or a nuisance to the public.

Using a cable protector

The most suitable solution for getting the cable from your property boundary to your vehicle safely is to use a suitable cable protector/guard. Cable protectors are regularly used in public spaces and areas of high footfall to cover cables/ wires on a temporary basis.

Any cable guard used should cover the area likely to be walked across, including the full width of any footway and verge between the property and the vehicle.

The cable guard should be non-slip, have contrasting colour markings e.g. yellow, have anti-trip sloped sides, and be of a tough construction suitable for outdoors use.

Please see the below examples of what to do and what not to do when charging an electric vehicle.

What to do:



What not to do:



Is a licence required?

Currently an EV charging cable does not require a licence. However, as policies are reviewed and updated this may change in the future.

Although no licence is currently required, where a location is not suitable then the County Council has existing powers under Section 162 of the Highways Act to seek to have the cable removed.

A license shall be required for all other temporary placement of cabling on or over the carriageway. This can be found here:

<https://www.hants.gov.uk/transport/licencesandpermits/cables>